# Synthesis of chiral bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-ones via an intramolecular alkylation reaction 

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#### Abstract

Generation of the thermodynamic dienolate of 9-bromocarvone derivatives 5, 7 and 11 furnished the chiral bicyclo[2.2.2]octenones 6,8 and 9 and 12 and 13 containing a bridgehead methyl group via an intramolecular alkylation reaction. In an analogous manner intramolecular alkylation reaction of the bromo enones 15a-e, obtained from carvone 2 by 1,3-alkylative enone transposition ( $\rightarrow 14$ ) followed by a regiospecific bromoetherification reaction, furnished the bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-ones 16a-e and 17a-e.


## Introduction

Monoterpenes are being widely used as chiral auxiliaries but their potential as chiral starting materials has not been properly exploited. The overwhelming emphasis on carbohydrates as chirons in natural product synthesis, ${ }^{2}$ during the last decade, has sidelined the importance of monoterpenes as chiral building blocks for the synthesis of natural products in their chiral form. This has come about despite the fact that many terpenes are cheap, readily available (in some cases, in both the enantiomeric forms unlike carbohydrates and amino acids) and endowed with only one or two chiral centres and modest functionality, and thus do not require recourse to destruction of excess chirality or the functionality present in them. ${ }^{3}$ More importantly terpenes can be readily restructured into cyclic and acyclic fragments that can be directly incorporated into carbocyclic frameworks and structural moieties of complex target molecules. Diverse terpenoids by virtue of their common biogenesis embody common carbocyclic structural moieties. Therefore, an operationally versatile strategy emerges, in which such structural moieties extracted from a monoterpene can be evolved into a vast array of complex structural frameworks. In continuation of our interest in the use of carvone as a chiral starting material for the construction of a variety of mono- to tetra-cyclic, chiral, bridged carbon frameworks, ${ }^{4.5}$ herein we describe an efficient synthesis of chiral bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en2 -ones containing a methyl substituent at the bridgehead carbon atom.

## Results and discussion

The bicyclo[2.2.2]octane moiety forms an integral part of a variety of natural products, such as seychellene, patchouli alcohol, eremolactone, 2- and 9-isocyanopupukeananes, etc. Bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one 1 moieties, comprising a $\beta, \gamma$ -


1


2
unsaturated ketone functionality, are very interesting synthons and are efficiently used in organic synthesis. ${ }^{6,7}$ Diels-Alder reaction of cyclohexadienes using a ketene equivalent ${ }^{8}$ is most commonly used for the generation of the enone 1 . Recently a Michael-Michael sequence ${ }^{9}$ as well as the inverse-electron-
demand Diels-Alder reaction of cyclohexadienones ${ }^{10}$ and olefins for the generation of bicyclo[2.2.2]octanone moieties present in complex molecules were also developed. In contrast we have resorted to an intramolecular alkylation methodology for the generation of chiral bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-ones starting from the readily available (in both the enantiomeric forms) monoterpene carvone 2. It was anticipated that the presence of a good leaving group at C-9 of carvone framework 3 and generation of a thermodynamic dienolate of $\mathbf{3}$ could bring about an intramolecular alkylation reaction leading to the formation of the bicyclic enone 4 (Scheme 1). To test the


Scheme 1
feasibility of this strategy, first 10 -bromocarvone 5 , a byproduct obtained ( $40 \%$ yield) ${ }^{11}$ in the reaction of carvone with $N$-bromosuccinimide (NBS) and sodium acetate in dichloromethane-acetic acid medium, was chosen as the starting material. Treatment of the allyl bromide 5 with potassium tert-butoxide in 1:1 mixture of tert-butyl alcohol and tetrahydrofuran (THF) furnished the dienone 6 in a highly regioselective manner (Scheme 2). The shift in the carbonyl


Scheme 2 Reagents: i, $\mathrm{KOBu}^{\prime}$, $\mathrm{Bu}^{t} \mathrm{OH}-\mathrm{THF}$
absorption band ( $1720 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ ) in the IR spectrum, the presence of two olefinic dd signals at $\delta 6.5$ and 5.88 (typical for the $5-\mathrm{H}$ and 6 -H protons of bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-ones $)^{8 b}$ and the upfield shift of the methyl group ( 1.26 ppm ) in the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum established the structure of the dienone 6 , which was confirmed by the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectrum ${ }^{8 c}$ (see Experimental section). To establish this generality, the readily available ${ }^{11}$ bromoenones 7 and 11, obtained by reaction of carvone and 6methylcarvones with NBS in dichloromethane methanol
medium, were subjected to intramolecular alkylation reaction. Thus treatment of the epimeric mixture of the bromoenone 7 with potassium tert-butoxide in tert-butyl alcohol-THF furnished the bicyclic enones 8 and 9 (Scheme 3), whose


Scheme 3 Reagents: i, NBS, $\mathrm{MeOH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$; ii, $\mathrm{KOBu}^{t}, \mathrm{Bu}^{t} \mathrm{OH}-\mathrm{THF}$
structures were established from their spectral data. The stereochemistry at C-8 was deduced based on the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR signals of the $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ moiety. The two protons resonated almost at the same place in the case of the enone 9 , whereas in the case of the enone 8 they appear as a well separated AB quartet because of the presence of endo methoxy group (with reference to the carbonyl group), the proton located syn to methoxy group is deshielded. The final confirmation of the stereochemistry was achieved as follows: Cooling of a hexane solution of the epimeric mixture of the bromo enone 7 resulted in the partial crystallisation of one of the isomers 7a (see Experimental section). The intramolecular alkylation reaction of this epimer 7a furnished the bicyclic enone 8. On the other hand, the 5-exo-trig radical cyclisation reaction of this bromo enone 7 a by employing tributyltin hydride in the presence of a catalytic amount of azo isobutyronitrile (AIBN) generated the bicyclo[3.2.1]octanone 10 in $80 \%$ yield (Scheme 4), whose


Scheme 4 Reagents: i, $\mathrm{KOBu}^{7}$, $\mathrm{Bu}^{\boldsymbol{r}} \mathrm{OH}-\mathrm{THF}$; ii, $\mathrm{Bu}_{3} \mathrm{SnH}, \mathrm{AIBN}, \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6}$
structure was unambiguously established. ${ }^{11}$ The formation of the bicyclic ketone $\mathbf{1 0}$ unambiguously established the structure of the bromo enone as 7a which in turn, by analogy, established the stereostructure of the bicyclic enone 8 and hence that of the enone 9. Interestingly, intramolecular alkylation, employing potassium tert-butoxide in tert-butyl alcohol and THF, of the bromo enone 11 furnished a 1:1 mixture of regioisomer the enones 12 and 13 (Scheme 5). In contrast, reaction of the bromo



Scheme 5 Reagents: i, NBS, MeOH-- $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} ;$ ii, $\mathrm{KOBu}^{t}, \mathrm{Bu}^{\prime} \mathrm{OH}-\mathrm{THF}$
enone 11 with sodium hydride in refluxing THF furnished only the epimeric mixture of the exo-methylene compound 12.
After succesfully demonstrating the feasibility of the intramolecular alkylation methodology, we extended the sequence to the synthesis of various 6 -substituted bicyclo[2.2.2]-oct-5-en-2-ones by starting with 6 -substituted carvones. For the synthesis of 6 -substituted carvones 14 an alkylative 1,3 -enone transposition methodology was adopted. ${ }^{12}$ Thus reaction of ( $S$ )-carvone [ $(S)$-2] with 4-methylphenylmagnesium bromide at ice temperature furnished the 1,2 -addition product, which on direct oxidation with pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC) and silica gel ${ }^{13}$ in dichloromethane furnished the $(R)$-6-(4-methylphenyl)carvone 14a in $70 \%$ yield. In an analogous manner, 4-methoxyphenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl and 2phenylethynyl derivatives $\mathbf{1 4 b}$-d of carvone were obtained from the appropriate starting materials (see Experimental section). A regiospecific bromoetherification was employed for the generation of 9 -bromocarvones. Thus reaction of carvones 14a-d with NBS in dichloromethane-methanol medium generated $1: 1$ epimeric mixtures of the bromo enones 15a-d in a regiospecific-manner. Finally, intramolecular alkylation with potassium tert-butoxide in tert-butyl alcohol-THF at room temperature transformed the bromo enones 15a-d into bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-ones 16a-d and 17a d (Scheme 6). In

(S)-2


$16 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{Me}, \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{OMe}$
$17 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{OMe}, \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{Me}$

$$
\begin{array}{rll}
\text { for 14-17 } & \text { a; } \mathrm{R}=4-\mathrm{MeC}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4} & \text { b; } \mathrm{R}=4-\mathrm{MeOC}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4} \\
& \text { c; } \mathrm{R}=2-\mathrm{MeOC}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4} & \text { d; } \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{PhC} \equiv \mathrm{C}
\end{array}
$$

Scheme 6 Reagents: i, RMgBr or RLi , THF; ii, PCC-silica gel, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$; iii, NBS, $\mathrm{MeOH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$; iv, $\mathrm{KOBu}^{t}, \mathrm{Bu}^{t} \mathrm{OH}-\mathrm{THF}$
an identical manner starting from ( $R$ )-carvone $[(R)-2]$ and 2bromotoluene, the bicyclooctenones $16 e$ and 17 e were obtained via the corresponding carvones 14 e and the bromoenone 15 e . It is worth mentioning that the enones $14 e$ and $15 e$ were found to be a $\sim 1: 1$ mixture of the rotational isomers at the aryl-vinyl bond (due to the orthogonal arrangement of aryl and olefin moieties) from the NMR spectrum. Interestingly even in the case of the bicyclic compounds $16 e$ and $17 e$ the

aryl group is orthogonal to the olefin moiety and there is considerable restricted rotation of the aryl moiety as
evidenced by the variable-temperature ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra, e.g. only one set of signals is noticed at higher temperature whereas signals due to both the rotational isomers ( $\sim 3: 2$ ) were observed at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and at room temperature broadening of signals due to aromatic methyl and one of the protons at C-7 was observed.

In conclusion, we have achieved the synthesis of chiral bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-ones via an intramolecular alkylation of 9 -bromo derivatives of carvone, and have extended the methodology to various 6 -substituted derivatives via the synthesis of the corresponding 6 -substituted carvones and their C-9 bromo derivatives. The presence of a methyl group at the bridgehead position (C-1) enhances the importance of this methodology as most of the natural products containing the bicyclo[2.2.2]octane moiety (as part structure) contain a methyl group (or ring residue) at one of the bridgehead carbons.

## Experimental

Mps were measured in capillaries on a TEMPO melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectra (for thin films) were recorded on Perkin-Elmer 781 and Hitachi 270-50 spectrophotometers. UV spectra were recorded on a Shimadzu UV-190 spectrophotometer. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}(60,90,200$ and 270 MHz$)$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 22.5 MHz ) spectra were recorded on Varian T-60, JEOL FX-90Q, Bruker ACF-200 and Bruker WH-270 spectrometers. The chemical shifts ( $\delta \mathrm{ppm}$ ) and the coupling constants ( $J / \mathrm{Hz}$ ) are reported in the standard fashion with reference to either internal tetramethylsilane (for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ ) or the central line ( $\delta_{\mathrm{C}} 77.1$ ) of $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ (for ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ ). In the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra, off-resonance multiplicities, when recorded, are given in parentheses. Lowand high-resolution mass measurements were carried out with a JEOL JMS-DX 303 GC-MS instrument using a direct-inlet mode. Elemental analyses were carried out using a Carlo-Erba 1106 CHN analyser. Relative intensities of the ions are given in parentheses. Optical rotations were measured using a JASCO DIP-303 polarimeter; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}$ values are in units of $10^{-1} \mathrm{deg} \mathrm{cm}{ }^{2}$ $\mathrm{g}^{-1}$. Acme's silica gel ( $100-200 \mathrm{mesh}$ ) was used for column chromatography. Low-temperature reactions were conducted in a bath made of alcohol and liquid nitrogen. Dry diethyl ether was obtained by distillation over sodium and stored over sodium wire. Dichloromethane was distilled from $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$. Potassium was obtained from Riedel. PCC was prepared according to the literature procedure. ${ }^{13 a}(R)$-Carvone, NBS, 2and 4-bromotoluene, and 4-bromoanisole were obtained from Fluka and were used as such. ( $S$ )-Carvone was obtained as a gift from Professor G. S. Krishna Rao. Phosphate buffer was prepared from equimolar amounts of $\mathrm{KH}_{2} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$ and $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{HPO}_{4}$.
( $1 S, 4 S$ )-1-Methyl-8-methylenebicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one 6 A solution of the allyl bromide $5^{11}(458 \mathrm{mg}, 2 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF ( $3 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) was added rapidly to an ice-cold, magnetically stirred solution of $\mathrm{KOBu}^{t}$ in tert-butyl alcohol ( $0.5 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3} ; 5$ $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{3}, 2.5 \mathrm{mmol}\right)$ in dry THF ( $2 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6 h , diluted with diethyl ether ( $20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ), and washed successively with $0.5 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}$ aq. HCl $\left(10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ and brine and dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$. Evaporation off of the solvent and purification of the residue over a silica gel ( 10 g ) column with ethyl acetate-hexane (1:9) as eluent furnished the dienone $6\left(133 \mathrm{mg}, 45 \%\right.$ ) as a pale yellow oil, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{26}-578(c$ $\left.2.15 ; \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3080,1720(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1080,890\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, 770 and $680 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(90 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 6.5(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 8$ and $6.5,5-\mathrm{H})$, $5.88(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 8$ and $2,6-\mathrm{H}), 4.92(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}$ s) and $4.74(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s})$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $3.34(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 4-\mathrm{H}), 2.32\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 2.18(2$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 7-\mathrm{H})$ and $1.26\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{I}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{c}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ 212.3 (s, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 146.7 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 135.6 (d) and 134.1 (d) $(\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}), 106.5\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 50.7$ (s, C-1), 42.9 (d, C-4), 40.3 (t, C-3), 38.3 (t, C-7) and $17.2\left(\mathrm{q}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 148\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 2 \%\right)$, 106 (98) and 91 (100) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}$, 148.0887. $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}$
requires $\mathrm{M}, 148.0888$ ). Further elution of the column with the same solvent furnished unchanged substrate 5 ( $70 \mathrm{mg}, 15 \%$ recovery).

## (5R)-5-[(2S)-1-Bromo-2-methoxypropan-2-yl]-2-methylcyclo-hex-2-enone 7a

To a cold $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ magnetically stirred solution of ( $R$ )-carvone ( $4.5 \mathrm{~g}, 30 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in a $2: 3$ mixture of methanol and dichloromethane ( $45 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) was added NBS ( $6.4 \mathrm{~g}, 36 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in portions over a period of 1.5 h . The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature, diluted with dichloromethane ( 50 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) washed successively with $2 \%$ aq. sodium hydroxide and brine and dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$. Evaporation off of the solvent and purification of the residue over a silica gel ( 50 g ) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 10$ ) as eluent furnished a $1: 1$ epimeric mixture of the bromo enone $7(6.4 \mathrm{~g}, 82 \%)$ as an oil. ${ }^{11}$ Cooling of a hexane solution of the epimeric mixture 7 resulted in the crystallisation of the title epimer $7 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{mp} 65-66^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{27} 7$ (c 1, $\left.\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 1665(\mathrm{C}=0), 1370,1105$ and 1075; $\delta_{\mathrm{H}}(200$ $\mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $6.7(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, olefinic), $3.45(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{AB} \mathrm{q}, J 11.2$, $\left.\Delta v 6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}\right), 3.24\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.1-2.65(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.78$ $\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $1.26\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}\right.$, tert $\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$.

## ( $1 S, 4 S, 8 R$ )- and ( $1 S, 4 S, 8 S$ )-8-Methoxy-1,8-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.2] oct-5-en-2-one 8 and 9

Intramolecular alkylation of the bromo enone 7(1:1 mixture of epimers; $2.61 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( $15 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) with $\mathrm{KOBu}^{t}(1$ $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{dm}{ }^{-3}$ in $\mathrm{Bu}^{t} \mathrm{OH} ; 15 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}, 15 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) for 8 h as described earlier, followed by purification over a silica gel ( 20 g ) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 4$ ) as eluent, furnished the bicyclic octenones 8 and $9(1: 1 ; 1.08 \mathrm{~g}, 60 \%)$ as pale yellow oils. Compound 8 (reaction using the crystalline bromo enone 7 a resulted in the formation of this bicyclic enone $\mathbf{8}$ as the sole product): $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{26}-408\left(c 1.8, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3046,1720$ $(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1460,1188,1134,1116,1080$ and $680 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}(200 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 6.45(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}, J 6.9,5-\mathrm{H}), 5.86(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 7.2,6-\mathrm{H}), 3.20(3$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.95(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 4-\mathrm{H}), 2.56(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 18.1$ and 2$)$ and $1.89(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 18.1$ and 3.1$)\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 1.79$ and $1.47(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{AB}$ $\left.\mathrm{q}, J 13.6,7-\mathrm{H}_{2}\right), 1.28\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $1.17\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; $\delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 211.7$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 135.5 (d) and 134.1 (d) $(\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}), 78.3\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 49.8(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-1), 49.1\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 45.8$ (t, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 41.1 (d, C-4), 34.2 (t, C-7), $24.4\left(\mathrm{q}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and 16.8 ( $\mathrm{q}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ).

Compound 9: $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{26}-443\left(\right.$ c $\left.0.7, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{1} 3046$, $1728(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 1131, 1077, 750 and $684 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(200 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $6.475(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, J 8$ and $6.3,5-\mathrm{H}), 5.94(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8,6-\mathrm{H}), 3.18$ ( 3 $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.0(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 4-\mathrm{H}), 2.11\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 1.76$ and $1.54(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{AB} \mathrm{q}, J 14,7-\mathrm{H}), 1.38\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $1.19(3$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 211.8(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 135.4$ (d) and 134.3 (d) $(\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}), 79.0(\mathrm{~s}, C O M e), 49.9(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-1), 49.2(\mathrm{q}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 46.2\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 41.1(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4), 36.0(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-7), 22.2(\mathrm{q}, 8-$ $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $17.2\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{l}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. For a mixture of isomers 8 and $9: m / z$ $165\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-15,100 \%\right), 135(15), 123(18)$ and 107 (20) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}$, 180.1131. $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{M}, 180.1150$ ).

## ( $1 S, 4 R, 8 S$ )- and ( $1 S, 4 R, 8 R$ )-8-Methoxy-1,8-dimethyl-6-methylenebicyclo[2.2.2]octan-2-one 12

A solution of the bromo enone 11 ( $1: 1$ mixture of epimers; 825 $\mathrm{mg} 3 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF $\left(6 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ was added to a magnetically stirred suspension of sodium hydride ( $50 \%$ in oil; $220 \mathrm{mg}, 4.5$ mmol , washed with dry hexane) in dry THF ( $2 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 10 h , cooled, diluted with diethyl ether ( $20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ), washed successively with $0.5 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}{ }^{-3}$ aq. HCl and brine and dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$. Evaporation off of the solvent and purification of the residue over a silica gel ( 10 g ) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 4$ ) as eluent furnished a $1: 1$ epimeric mixture of the enones $12(410 \mathrm{mg}, 70 \%)$ as an oil, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{26}-87.7\left(c 1.4, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3100,1730(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1650$, $1380,1130,1080,1075,885\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ and $750 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}(90 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 4.92(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} s)$ and $4.88(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s})\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 3.18$ and
$3.2\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 1.4-3.0(7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.32$ and $1.24(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 8-$ $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ) and $1.08\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 211.1(\mathrm{~s}$, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 145.1 and $144.7\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 108.7\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 74.6$ and 74.3 (s, C-8), 51.3 (s, C-1), 49.1 and $48.6\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 47.6$ and $47.0\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=0\right), 40.1$ and $38.9(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-7), 35.8$ and 35.6 (d, C-4), 31.6 and $29.8(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-5), 22.7$ and $22.4\left(\mathrm{q}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and 15.7 ( $1-$ $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); $m / z 195\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 1.5 \%\right), 179(2), 121(45), 120(100), 119(25)$, 105 (62) and 85 (53) [Found: $m / z, 179.1082 . \mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{O}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-\right.$ 15) requires $m / z, 179.1072]$.

## ( R)-5-Isopropenyl-2-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)cyclohex-2enone 14a

To a magnetically stirred suspension of magnesium ( $480 \mathrm{mg}, 20$ mmol ) and iodine (few crystals) in dry diethyl ether ( $15 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ), placed in a two-necked $100 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ flask equipped with a condenser and a pressure-equalising funnel, was added dropwise a solution of 4-bromotoluene ( $3.42 \mathrm{~g}, 20 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry diethyl ether ( 25 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) over a period of 1 h . The reaction mixture was cooled in an ice-bath soon after the initiation. To the 4-methylphenylmagnesium bromide thus formed was added dropwise a solution of ( $S$ )-carvone ( $S$ )-2 ( $2.25 \mathrm{~g}, 15 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) of dry diethyl ether ( 10 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ). The reaction mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at room temperature, slowly poured into a cold pH 7 phosphate buffer ( $20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ), and extracted with diethyl ether ( $3 \times 20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ). The combined extract was washed successively with water and brine, and dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$. Evaporation off of the solvent furnished the tertiary alcohol ( 3.6 g ), which was oxidised without further purification.

A solution of the above crude alcohol in dichloromethane (10 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) was added to a magnetically stirred suspension of a finely ground mixture of PCC $(6.48 \mathrm{~g}, 30 \mathrm{mmol})$ and silica gel $(6.48 \mathrm{~g})$ in dichloromethane $\left(40 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature and filtered through a silica gel ( 50 g) column with dichloromethane as eluent. Evaporation off of the solvent and purification of the residue over a silica gel $(80 \mathrm{~g})$ column with ethyl acetate-hexane $(3: 100)$ as eluent furnished the tolylcarvone $14 \mathrm{a}\left(2.52 \mathrm{~g}, 70 \%\right.$ ) as a liquid, $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-100.6$ ( $c$ $\left.0.8, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; \lambda_{\max }\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) / \mathrm{nm} 273\left(\varepsilon 13380 \mathrm{dm}^{3} \mathrm{~mol}^{1} \mathrm{~cm}^{1}\right)$ and 232 ( 10200 ); $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3080,3020,1665(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1620$ (C=C), 1505, 1435, 1380, 1360, 1345, 1265, 1100, $890\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, 810 and $795 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(60 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CCl}_{4}\right) 7.0(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArH}), 4.75(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}$ s, olefinic), 2.4-2.7 (5 H, m), 2.35 ( $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}$ ), $1.75(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}$ $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ of isopropenyl group) and $1.66\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; $\delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$ ) 198.9 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 155.0 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 146.2 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 137.9 ( s ), 137.4 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=C-\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 131.0 ( s ), 128.7 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}$ ) and 126.8 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}$ ) (arom), 110.2 (t, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 42.3 (t), 41.5 (d, C-5), 37.8 (t), 20.8 (q, $\operatorname{Ar-CH} 3$ ), 20.2 ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ of isopropenyl) and $12.5\left(\mathrm{q}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 240\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 62 \%\right), 225(35)$, 212 (80), 198 (87), 197 (50), 183 (100), 144 (40), 129 (95), 128 (70), 115 (45), 105 (40) and 91 (35) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 240.1523$. $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{O}$ requires $\mathrm{M}, 240.1514$ ).

## ( $5 R$ )-5-[(2R)- and (2S)-1-Bromo-2-methoxypropan-2-yl]-2-methyl-3-(4-methylphenyl)cyclohex-2-enone 15a

Bromoetherification of tolylcarvone $\mathbf{1 4 a}(2.4 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol})$ in a $2: 3$ mixture of methanol and dichloromethane $\left(25 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ with NBS ( $2.14 \mathrm{~g}, 12 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) for 16 h at room temperature as described for compound 7, followed by purification of the product over a silica gel ( 50 g ) column with ethyl acetatehexane ( $1: 10$ ) as eluent, furnished a $1: 1$ epimeric mixture of the bromoenones $15 \mathrm{a}(2.4 \mathrm{~g}, 68 \%)$ as an oil, $v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3040,1675$ $(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1630(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}), 1515,1460,1385,1340,1115,1085$ and 820 ; $\delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(60 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CCl}_{4}\right) 7.07(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArH}), 3.4\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}\right), 3.22$ $\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.3-2.7(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 2.33\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.66(3$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $1.26\left(3 \mathrm{H}\right.$, s, tert $\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}(22.5 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ; 1: 1$ mixture of epimers) 199.5 and $199.2(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 156.2 and 155.3 (s, $C=C-C=O$ ), 138.1(s), 137.7 (s), 131.2 (s), 128.9 ( 2 C, d), $127.0(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}), 75.9\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 49.4\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 40.1(\mathrm{~d}$, $\mathrm{C}-5$ ), 38.5 and 37.6 (t), 36.6 (t), 33.8 and $33.0(\mathrm{t}), 21.2$ (q,
$\operatorname{ArCH} 3$ ), $17.9\left(\mathrm{q}\right.$, tert $\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $12.6\left(\mathrm{q}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 350$ and $352\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$and $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}+2,75 \%\right), 199(100), 198(50), 197(52), 153$ (55), 151 (55) and 129 (35) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+} 352.0884, \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{BrO}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{M}, 352.0863$ ).

## ( $1 S, 4 S, 8 R$ )- and ( $1 S, 4 S, 8 S$ )-8-Methoxy-1,8-dimethyl-6-(4-

 methylphenyl)bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one 16a and 17a Intramolecular alkylation of the bromo enone $15 a(2.1 \mathrm{~g}, 6$ mmol ) with $\mathrm{KOBu}^{t}\left(1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}{ }^{-3}\right.$ in $\left.\mathrm{Bu}^{t} \mathrm{OH} ; 9 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}, 9 \mathrm{mmol}\right)$ and dry THF ( $9 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) for 16 h as described for compound 6 and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 50 g ) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 20$ ) as eluent, furnished a $1: 1$ mixture of the bicyclic enones 16a and $17 \mathrm{a}(1.46 \mathrm{~g}, 90 \%$ ) as an oil, $\lambda_{\text {max }}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) / \mathrm{nm} 245$ ( $\varepsilon 9030$ ); $\nu_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3040,1725(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, $1510,1455,1380,1325,1280,1185,1130,1080,850,820$ and $680 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(90 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, for 16 a$) 7.12$ and $6.92(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{AB} \mathrm{q}, J 7$, ArH), 6.1 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 7$, olefinic), $3.27\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.0(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t}$ of d, $J 7$ and $3,4-\mathrm{H}), 2.7$ and $2.06(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}$ of AB q, $J 18$ and 3 , $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 2.36\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.9$ and $1.64(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{AB} \mathrm{q}, J 14$, $\left.7-\mathrm{H}_{2}\right), 1.38\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $1.04\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}(22.5$ MHz ; $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$, mixture of 16a and 17a) 212.2 and 212.0 (s, $\mathrm{C}=0$ ), 145.4 (s), 143.4 ( s , 136.9 ( s$), 135.7$ (s), 135.5 (s), 134.5 ( s ), 132.5 (d), 128.6 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}$ ) and 128.1 (2 C, d), 78.5 and 79.0 (s, C8), 52.8 (s, C-1), 49.7 ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 47.3 and 46.1 (t, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 41.1 (d, C-4), 34.7 and 36.3 (t, C-7), 25.1 ( $\mathrm{q}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), 21.1 ( q , $\left.\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right)$ and $16.5\left(\mathrm{q}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 270\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 30 \%\right), 198(100), 196$ (70) and 183 (95) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 270.1605$; C, 80.1; H, $8.5 \%$. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ requires M, 270.1620; C, 79.96; H, 8.20\%).
## ( $R$ )-5-Isopropenyl-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylcyclohex-2enone 14b

To a cold $\left(-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ magnetically stirred solution of $p$ bromoanisole ( $3.74 \mathrm{~g}, 20 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) under nitrogen was added a hexane solution of butyllithium ( 1.6 mol $\mathrm{dm}^{-3} ; 12.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}, 20 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 0.5 h . To the 4 -methoxyphenyllithium thus formed was added a solution of $(S)$-carvone $(S)-\mathbf{2}(2.25 \mathrm{~g}$, $15 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF $\left(10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature, quenched with aq. ammonium chloride ( $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) and extracted with diethyl ether ( $3 \times 20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ). The combined extract was washed with brine and dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$. Evaporation off of the solvent furnished the tertiary alcohol ( 3.87 g ), which was directly oxidised with PCC $(6.48 \mathrm{~g}, 30 \mathrm{mmol})$ and silica gel $(6.48 \mathrm{~g})$ in dichloromethane ( 40 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) for 2 h as described for compound 14a; purification of the product over a silica gel ( 50 g ) column with ethyl acetatehexane ( $3: 100$ ) as eluent furnished the methoxyphenylcarvone 14b ( $2.1 \mathrm{~g}, 55 \%$ ) as an oil, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-71.8$ (c 3, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); $\lambda_{\text {max }}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) / \mathrm{nm} 289$ ( $\varepsilon 11500$ ) and 243 ( $\varepsilon 8200$ ); $v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{1}$ 3050, $1665(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1620(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}), 1510,1435,1380,1285,1255$, $1165,1100,1025,890\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 815$ and $760 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}(90 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 7.18\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8.2,2^{\prime}-\right.$ and $\left.6^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} \mathrm{ArH}\right), 6.92(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 8.2$, $3^{\prime}-$ and $\left.5^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} \operatorname{ArH}\right), 4.8\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 3.82(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, ArOCH $)_{3}$ ) 2.3-2.9 ( $5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$ ) and $1.76\left(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 2 \times\right.$ olefinic $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; $\delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 199.6(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 159.3\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 155.1$ (s, $C=\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}=0$ ), 146.5 (s, $C=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 133.3 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ arom), 131.0 (s, $\mathrm{C}=C-\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 128.7 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}$ and $6^{\prime}$ arom), 113.6 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}$ and-5' arom, $110.5\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.1\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 42.5(\mathrm{t}), 41.6$ (d, C-5), 37.9 (t), 20.5 ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ of isopropenyl group) and 12.8 (q, 2-CH3); m/z $256\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 100 \%\right.$ ), $228(80), 214(60), 213(50)$, 199 (60), 150 (65), 135 (50) and 121 (50) (Found: $\mathbf{M}^{+}, 256.1465$. $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{M}, 256.1463$ ).

## (5R)-5-[(2S)- and (2R)-1-Bromo-2-methoxypropan-2-yl]-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylcyclohex-2-enone 15b

Bromoetherification of the $p$-methoxyphenylcarvone 14b (2.56 $\mathrm{g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in a $3: 2$ mixture of dichloromethane-methanol (20 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) with NBS ( $2.14 \mathrm{~g}, 12 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) for 12 h as described for compound 7 and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 60 g) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 10$ ) as eluent, furnished
a $1: 1$ epimeric mixture of the bromo enones $\mathbf{1 5 b}(3.17 \mathrm{~g}, 87 \%$ ) as a viscous liquid, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-81$ (c 3.9, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); $v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{1} 1670$ (C=O), 1615 (aromatic), 1515, 1390, 1340, 1290, 1250, 1180 , $1109,1080,910,835$ and $735 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(90 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ; 1: 1\right.$ mixture of epimers) $7.2\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9,2^{\prime}-\mathrm{and} 6^{\prime}-\mathrm{H}\right.$ ArH $), 6.92(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 9$, $3^{\prime}$ - and $\left.5^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} \mathrm{ArH}\right), 3.86\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArOCH}_{3}\right), 3.5\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}\right)$, $3.28\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.2-2.8(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.76\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $1.32\left(3 \mathrm{H}\right.$, s, tert $\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ; 1: 1\right.$ mixture of epimers) 199.8 and 199.5 (s, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 159.4 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{4}^{\prime}$ arom), 156.0 and 155.0 (s, $C=\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 133.4 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ arom), 131.3 and 131.0 (s, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 128.8 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}$ and $6^{\prime}$-arom), 113.8 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}$, $\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}$ and $5^{\prime}$ arom), 76.0 (s, $\mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), 55.4 (q, $\mathrm{ArOCH}_{3}$ ), 49.6 (q, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), $40.3(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-5), 38.7$ and $37.9(\mathrm{t}), 36.8(\mathrm{t}), 34.0$ and $33.2(\mathrm{t}), 18.2$ and $17.9\left(\mathrm{q}, \operatorname{tert}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $13.0\left(\mathrm{q}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z$ 366 and $368\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$and $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}+2,20 \%\right), 215(100), 213(45), 153$ (50) and 151 (50) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 366.0840 . \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{BrO}_{3}$ requires M, 366.0831).

## ( $1 S, 4 S, 8 R$ )- and ( $1 S, 4 S, 8 S$ )-8-Methoxy-6-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,8-dimethylbicyclo [2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one 16b and 17b

 Intramolecular alkylation of the bromo enone $\mathbf{1 5 b}$ ( $1: 1$ mixture of epimers; $2.2 \mathrm{~g}, 6 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) with $\mathrm{KOBu}^{t}\left(1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right.$ in $\mathrm{Bu}^{t} \mathrm{OH} ; 9$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}, 9 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( $9 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) for 12 h as described for compound 6 and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 50 g) column with ethyl acetate-hexane $(1: 20)$ as eluent, furnished a $1: 1$ mixture of the bicyclooctenones $\mathbf{1 6 b}$ and 17b $(1.225 \mathrm{~g}, 70 \%)$ as an oil, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-155.67$ (c 6.17, $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); $v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3040,1725(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1610,1575,1510,1460,1410,1380$, $1370,1285,1240,1175,1075,1030$ and $825 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(90 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, for $\mathbf{1 6 b}$ ) $6.98\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 7.2,2^{\prime}-\right.$ and $\left.6^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} \mathrm{ArH}\right), 6.82(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 7.2$, $3^{\prime}-$ and $\left.5^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} \mathrm{ArH}\right), 6.3(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 7.2$, olefinic), $3.82(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, ArOCH $\mathrm{H}_{3}$, $3.26\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 8-\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.0(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 4-\mathrm{H}), 2.71(1 \mathrm{H}$, d of $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{AB}$ q,$J 18$ and 2 ) and $2.08\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}\right.$ of $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{AB} \mathrm{q}, J 18$ and 3.5 ) (together $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 1.92$ and $1.66\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ABq}, J 14.4,7-\mathrm{H}_{2}\right)$, $1.39\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $1.06\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}(22.5 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ; 1: 1$ mixture of $\mathbf{1 6 b}$ and $\mathbf{1 7 b}$ ) 212.2 and $211.8(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 145.0 and $142.9(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ArC}=\mathrm{CH}), 132.3(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{ArC}=\mathrm{CH})$, 158.8 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}$ arom), 130.9 and 130.7 (s, C-1', arom), 129.6 and 129.2 ( 2 C , d, $\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}$ and $6^{\prime}$-arom), 113.2 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}$ and $6^{\prime}$-arom), 78.9 and 78.4 (s, $\mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), $55.1\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{ArOCH}_{3}\right), 52.6(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-1), 49.6$ (q, 8$\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 47.1\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{COCH}_{2}\right), 40.9(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4), 36.2$ and $34.5(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-7)$, 24.9 and $22.3\left(\mathrm{q}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $16.5\left(\mathrm{q}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 286\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$, $30 \%$ ), 271 (10), 215 (30), 214 (100), 213 (30) and 183 (40) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 286.1573$. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{M}, 286.1569$ ).
## (5R)-5-Isopropenyl-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylcyclohex-2enone 14c

To a cold $\left(-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ magnetically stirred solution of anisole ( $2.16 \mathrm{~g}, 20 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF $\left(25 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ and tetramethylethylenediamine (TMEDA) ( $2 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ), under nitrogen was added a hexane solution of butyllithium ( $1.6 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3} ; 12.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}, 20$ mmol ) and the mixture was stirred for 0.5 h . To the $o$ methoxyphenyllithium thus formed was added a solution of ( $S$ )-carvone ( S )-2 $(2.25 \mathrm{~g}, 15 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF $\left(10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 h , slowly poured into a cold pH 7 phosphate buffer ( $20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) and extracted with diethyl ether ( $3 \times 20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ). The combined extract was washed successively with water and brine and dried $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)$. Evaporation off of the solvent followed by oxidation of the resultant tertiary alcohol ( 3.87 g ) with PCC $(6.48 \mathrm{~g}, 30 \mathrm{mmol})$ and silica gel $(6.48 \mathrm{~g})$ in dichloromethane ( $40 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) for 2 h as described for compound 14a and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 100 g ) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 50$ ) as eluent furnished the omethoxyphenylcarvone $14 \mathrm{c}\left(2.3 \mathrm{~g}, 60 \%\right.$ ) as an oil, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-69.4$ (c $0.86, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); $\lambda_{\text {max }}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) / \mathrm{nm} 247.5$ ( $\varepsilon 9250$ ); $v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ 3064, $1671(\mathrm{C}=0), 1599,1491,1461,1437,1380,1344,1290$, 1248, 1104, 1023, $891\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$ and $753 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(60 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CCl}_{4}\right)$ 6.6-7.3 ( $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{ArH}), 4.7(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, olefinic), $3.77(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.3-2.8(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.73\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$ of isopropenyl
and $1.5\left(3 \mathrm{H}\right.$, br s, $\left.2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 199.8$ ( $\mathrm{C}=0$ ), 155.5, 146.9, 132.5, 130.1, 129.2, 128.3, 120.6, 114.5 (C-1' arom), 111.1 (C-3' arom), $110.4 \quad\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), \quad 55.5$ $\left(\mathrm{ArOCH}_{3}\right), 43.0,42.0(\mathrm{C}-5), 37.3,20.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$ of isopropenyl and $12.6\left(2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 256\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 40 \%\right), 214$ (100), 199 (60), 150 (40), 145 (80), 135 (40), 121 (60), 115 (50) and 91 (60) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 256.1479 . \mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ requires $\mathrm{M}, 256.1463$ ).

## (5R)-[(2S)- and ( $2 R$ )-1-Bromo-2-methoxypropan-2-yl]-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylcyclohex-2-enone 15 c

Bromoetherification of the $o$-methoxyphenylcarvone 14c (2.56 $\mathrm{g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in a 3:2 mixture of dichloromethane-methanol ( 25 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) with NBS ( $2.14 \mathrm{~g}, 12 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) for 12 h as described for compound 7 and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 60 g) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 10$ ) as eluent furnished a $1: 1$ epimeric mixture of the bromo enones $\mathbf{1 5 c}(2.55 \mathrm{~g}, 70 \%)$ as a syrupy liquid, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-76.4\left(c 5.57, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; \lambda_{\text {max }}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) / \mathrm{nm}$ $247(\varepsilon 16950) ; v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-2} 1668(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1599,1581,1488,1461$, 1437, 1380, 1338, 1248, 1218, 1182, 1104 and $750 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}(60 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\left.\mathrm{CCl}_{4}\right)$ 6.6-7.4 ( $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), $3.7\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArOCH}_{3}\right), 3.4(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}\right), 3.17\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 2.3-2.7(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 1.56(3 \mathrm{H}$, brs , olefinic $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $1.23\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}\right.$, tert- $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}(22.5 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$; mixture of epimers) 199.2 (s, $\mathrm{C}=0$ ), 155.4 (s), 132.3 (s), 129.9 (s), 129.2 (d), 128.2 (d) and 120.5 (d), 112.8 ( (,$~ C-1 '$ arom), $111.0\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right.$ arom), $76.0\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 55.4\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{ArOCH}_{3}\right) 49.5$ (q, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), $40.3(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-5), 38.8$ and 38.2 (t), $36.9(\mathrm{t}), 32.2$ and $33.0(\mathrm{t}), 18.0\left(\mathrm{q}\right.$, tert $\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $12.4\left(\mathrm{q}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 366$ and $368\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$and $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}+2,10 \%\right), 255(15), 216(25), 215(100), 214$ (40), 153 (60) and 151 (60) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 366.0931 . \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{BrO}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{M}, 366.0831$ ).
( $1 S, 4 S, 8 R$ )- and ( $1 S, 4 S, 8 S$ )-8-Methoxy-6-(2-methoxypheny)-1,8-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one 16c and 17c Intramolecular alkylation of the bromo enone 15c ( $1: 1$ mixture of epimers; $2.2 \mathrm{~g}, 6 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) with $\mathrm{KOBu}^{t}\left(1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right.$ in $\mathrm{Bu}^{t} \mathrm{OH} ; 9$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}, 9 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( $9 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) for 12 h as described for compound 6 and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 50 g) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 20$ ) as eluent, furnished a $1: 1$ mixture of the bicyclooctenones 16 c and $17 \mathrm{c}(1.06 \mathrm{~g}, 60 \%$ ) as a liquid, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-82.1\left(c 0.76, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; $\nu_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 1728(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 1599, 1491, 1461, 1437, 1272, 1245, 1113, 1080, 1026 and 750; $\delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(60 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CCl}_{4}\right.$; for one isomer) $6.5-7.4(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{ArH}), 6.13$ ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6$, olefinic), $3.7\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArOCH}_{3}\right), 3.17(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 8-$ $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.7-3.1(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 4-\mathrm{H}), 1.4-2.7(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 3-\mathrm{and} 7-\mathrm{Hz})$, $1.33\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $0.8\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}(22.5 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$; one of the isomers) $212.2(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 143.7(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{Ar} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH})$, 132.3 (d, $\mathrm{ArC}=C \mathrm{H}$ ), 156.8 (s, C-2' arom), 130.0 (d), 128.8 and 120.2 (C-4', $5^{\prime}$ and $6^{\prime}$ arom), 127.9 (C-1' arom), 110.0 (d, C-3' arom), 78.6 (s, C-8), $55.0\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{ArOCH}_{3}\right.$ ), 53.0 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1$ ), 49.6 ( q , $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 46.4\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{COCH}_{2}\right), 41.0(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4), 34.8(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-7), 24.9(\mathrm{q}, 8-$ $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $15.0\left(\mathrm{q}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 286\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 20 \%\right), 215(40), 214$ (100), 213 (40), 212 (75) and 183 (40) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 286.1582$. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ requires $\mathrm{M}, 286.1569$ ).

## (5R)-5-Isopropenyl-2-methyl-3-(2-phenylethynyl)cyclohex-2enone 14d

Reaction of 1-lithio-2-phenylacetylene [obtained from phenylacetylene ( $2.04 \mathrm{~g}, 20 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and butyllithium ( $1.6 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}{ }^{-3}$ in hexanes; $12.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}, 20 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ )] with ( $S$ )carvone ( $S$ )-2 ( $2.25 \mathrm{~g}, 15 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( $35 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ), followed by oxidation of the resultant tertiary alcohol ( 3.78 g ) with PCC $(6.48 \mathrm{~g}, 30 \mathrm{mmol})$ and silica gel $(6.48 \mathrm{~g})$ in dichloromethane ( 40 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) as described for compound 14a, and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 80 g ) column with ethyl acetatehexane ( $3: 100$ ) as eluent, furnished the ( R ) $-6-(2-$ phenylethyny/) 2 -carvone $14 \mathrm{~d}(1.87 \mathrm{~g}, 50 \%)$ as a liquid, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-110$ (c 3.33 , $\left.\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; \lambda_{\max }\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) / \mathrm{nm} 318.5(\varepsilon 13270), 289(13180)$ and 234 (11500); $v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3050,2200(\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{C}), 1670(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1605,1495$, $1385,1340,1310,1265,1200,1060,910\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 755$ and 685 ; $\delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(90 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 7.2-7.7(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{ArH}), 4.7-4.95(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$,
olefinic), 2.0-3.0 ( $5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$ ) and $2.1(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$ and $1.82(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s})$ ( $2 \times$ olefinic $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); $\delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$ ) $197.8(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 145.9$ (s); 138.2 (s), 136.4 (s), 131.4 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}$ ), 129.0 (d), 128.3 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}$ ) and 122.2 (s) (arom), 110.6 (t, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 103.1 (s, $\mathrm{Ph} C \equiv \mathrm{C}$ ), 88.0 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{PhC} \equiv C$ ), 42.3 ( t ), 41.3 (d, C-5), 35.7 ( t ), 20.2 ( q , $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ of isopropenyl group) and $13.6\left(\mathrm{q}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 250\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$, $50 \%$ ), 222 (70), 208 (100), 207 (50), 193 ( 80 ), 178 ( 40 ), 165 (40), 153 (50), 139 (45) and 115 (40) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 250.1355$. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{O}$ requires $\mathrm{M}, 250.1358$ ).

## (5R)-[(2S)- and (2R)-1-Bromo-2-methoxypropan-2-yl]-2-methyl-3-(2-phenylethynyl)cyclohex-2-enone 15d

Bromoetherification of the 6-(2-phenylethynyl)carvone 14d (2.5 $\mathrm{g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in $2: 3$ mixture of methanol-dichloromethane ( 25 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) with NBS ( $2.14 \mathrm{~g}, 12 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) for 12 h as described for compound 7 and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 60 g) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 10$ ) as eluent, furnished a $1: 1$ epimeric mixture of the bromo enones $\mathbf{1 5 d}(2.53 \mathrm{~g}, 70 \%)$ as a syrupy liquid; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-92.2\left(c 0.2, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3050$, $2200(\mathrm{C} \equiv \mathrm{C}), 1670(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1605,1490,1440,1380,1340,1200$, $1100,1080,1070,760$ and $695 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(90 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ; 1: 1\right.$ mixture of epimers) 7.2-7.6 ( $5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), $3.46\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}\right), 3.28$ and $3.26\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.2-2.8(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 2.06(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2-$ $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ) and 1.3 and $1.32\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}\right.$, tert $\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{c}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$; $1: 1$ mixture of epimers) 198.0 and 197.6 (s, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 138.5 and 138.4 (s), 137.0 and 136.1 (s), 131.6 (2 C, d), 129.2 (d), 128.4 (2 $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}$ ), 122.3 ( s ), 103.2 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{PhC} \equiv \mathrm{C}$ ), 88.3 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{PhC} \equiv C$ ), 75.8 ( s , $\left.\mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 49.5\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 40.1(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-5), 38.7$ and $37.9(\mathrm{t}), 36.5$ ( t$), 31.8$ and $31.2(\mathrm{t}), 18.0\left(\mathrm{q}\right.$, tert $\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $13.8\left(\mathrm{q}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z$ 360 and $362\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$and $\left.\mathrm{M}+2,25 \%\right), 209(100), 153(70)$ and 151 (70) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}$, 360.0713. $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{BrO}_{2}$ requires M , 360.0725).
( $1 S, 4 S, 8 R$ )- and ( $1 S, 4 S, 8 S$ )-8-Methoxy-1,8-Dimethyl-6-(2-phenylethynyl)bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one (16d and 17d) Intramolecular alkylation of the bromo enone $\mathbf{1 5 d}(1: 1$ mixture of epimers; $2.16 \mathrm{~g}, 6 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) with $\mathrm{KOBu}^{t}\left(1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right.$ in $\mathrm{Bu}{ }^{t} \mathrm{OH}$; $9 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}, 9 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF $\left(9 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ for 12 h as described for compound 6 , and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 50 g) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 20$ ) as eluent, furnished a $1: 1$ mixture of the bicyclooctenones $\mathbf{1 6 d}$ and $17 \mathrm{~d}(1.01 \mathrm{~g}, 68 \%)$ as an oil, $[x]_{\mathrm{D}}^{25}-111.8\left(c 1.1, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 3050,1725$ ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1490, 1450, 1380, 1140, 1080, 1070, 920, 840, 760 and $695 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(90 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ; 1: 1\right.$ mixture of isomers $\mathbf{1 6 d}$ and $\mathbf{1 7 d}$ ) 7.2-7.6 ( $5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{ArH}$ ), 6.84 and 6.87 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 7.2$, olefinic), 3.22 and $3.2\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.9-3.3(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, 4-\mathrm{H}), 1.4-2.8(4 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{m}, 2 \times \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ) and 1.4 and $1.38(3 \mathrm{H}$, s) and 1.36 and $1.34(3 \mathrm{H}$, s) $\left(2 \times\right.$ tert $\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ; 1: 1\right.$ mixture of isomers 16d and 17d) 211.0 and $210.5(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 140.8 and 140.4 (d, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}$ ), 131.4 ( $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}$ ), 128.3 ( $3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{d}$ ), 127.6 ( s$), 122.9$ (s, $C \equiv \mathrm{CH}$ ), 93.6 and 93.1 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{PhC} \equiv \mathrm{C}$ ), 85.1 and 84.9 (s, $\mathrm{PhC} \equiv C$ ), 78.4 (s, C-8), $52.0(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-1), 49.6\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 46.1\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{COCH}_{2}\right)$, 41.6 (d, C-4), 35.8 and $34.3\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-7\right.$ ), 25.0 and $22.3\left(\mathrm{q}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $16.1\left(\mathrm{q}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 280\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 15 \%\right), 208(100), 179(25)$ and 165 (50) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 280.1475 . \mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ requires M , 280.1463).

## (5S)-5-Isopropenyl-2-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)cyclohex-2enone 14 e

Reaction of 2-lithiotoluene [obtained from 2-bromotoluene $(1.8 \mathrm{~g}, 13 \mathrm{mmol})$ and butyllithium ( $1.6 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}{ }^{-3}$ in hexanes; 9 $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{3}, 14.4 \mathrm{mmol}\right)$ in dry THF $\left.\left(20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)\right]$ with $(R)$-carvone $(R)$ - 2 $(1.9 \mathrm{~g}, 12 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF $\left(15 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$, followed by oxidation of the resultant tertiary alcohol with PCC ( $3.87 \mathrm{~g}, 18 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and silica gel ( 6 g ) in dichloromethane ( $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ), as described for compound 14a, and purification of the product over a silica gel $(60 \mathrm{~g})$ column with ethyl acetate-hexane $(3: 100)$ as eluent, furnished the 6-(2-methylphenyl) carvone $14 \mathrm{e}(2.38 \mathrm{~g}, 80 \%$ ) as a solid, which was recrystallised from hexanes, $\mathrm{mp} 104-105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{24} 88\left(c 0.14, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; \lambda_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{nm}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) 241(\varepsilon 7750)$; $v_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 1670(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1380,1140,1120,900\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 770$ and
$730 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(200 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ;\right.$ mixture of rotational isomers) 6.8 $7.3(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{ArH}), 4.82(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s})$ and $4.78(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s})$ (together $\left.\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.3-3.0(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 2.19$ and $2.17\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.77$ $\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $1.54\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}\right.$, isopropenyl $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}(22.5$ $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$; mixture of rotational isomers) 199.2 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 156.4 and 155.9 (s), 146.4 (s), 140.8 (s), 133.3 (s), 132.1 (s), 130.3 (d), 127.6 (d), 126.5 (d), 125.9 (d), 110.5 (t, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 42.8 (t), 42.1 (d, C-5), 38.0 and 37.7 (t), $20.5(\mathrm{q}), 19.1$ (q) and $12.2\left(\mathrm{q}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Only one set of signals was observed at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; m / z 240\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 25 \%\right), 198(100), 183$ (55), 129 (40) and 128 (30) (Found: $\mathrm{C}, 85.2 ; \mathrm{H}, 8.4 . \mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{O}$ requires C, 84.96; H, $8.39 \%$ ).

## (5S)-[(2S)- and (2R)-1-Bromo-2-methoxypropan-2-yl]-2-methyl-3-(2-methylphenyl)cyclohex-2-enone 15e

Bromoetherification of the $o$-tolylcarvone $14 \mathrm{e}(3.35 \mathrm{~g}, 13.3$ mmol ) in a 2:3 mixture of methanol-dichloromethane ( $65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) with $\operatorname{NBS}(4.5 \mathrm{~g}, 26 \mathrm{mmol})$ for 8 h as described for compound 7 , and purification of the product over a silica gel ( 60 g ) column with ethyl acetate-hexane ( $1: 10$ ) as eluent, furnished a $1: 1$ epimeric mixture of the bromo enone $15 \mathrm{e}(4.5 \mathrm{~g}, 91 \%$ ) as a syrupy liquid. One of the epimers ( $\mathrm{mp} 136^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) was partially crystallised on cooling of the hexane solution of the mixture, $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{26} 14.4\left(c 0.14, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; \lambda_{\text {max }} / \mathrm{nm}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}\right) 241(\varepsilon 1910)$; $v_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 1662(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1455,1100,730$ and $675 ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}(200 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} ; 1: 1$ mixture of epimers) $6.85-7.3(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{ArH}), 3.25-$ $3.6\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}\right), 3.24\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.2-2.8(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}), 2.17$ and $2.21\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.53\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and 1.26 and 1.27 ( 3 H , s, tert $-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); $\delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$; mixture of epimers and rotamers) 199.1 (s, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 157.0, 156.3, 155.9 and 155.3 (s), 140.7 (s), 133.3 and 133.0 (s), 132.0 and 131.7 (d), 130.3 and 129.9 (d), 127.6 and 126.4 (d), 126.1 and 125.8 (d), 75.7 (s, $\mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), $49.4\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 40.6$ (d, C-5), 38.5 and 37.9 (t), 36.4 (t), 33.8, 33.6, 33.0 and $32.5(\mathrm{t}), 19.0(\mathrm{q}), 17.9$ and $17.5(\mathrm{q})$ and $12.1\left(\mathrm{q}, 2-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ (Found: C, 61.8; H, 6.6. $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{BrO}_{2}$ requires C, $61.55 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.60 \%$ ).

## ( $1 R, 4 R, 8 S$ ) and ( $1 R, 4 R, 8 R$ )-8-Methoxy-1,8-dimethyl-6-(2-methylphenyl)bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-2-one 16e and 17e

 Intramolecular alkylation of the bromo enone 15e (1:1 mixture of epimers; $2.43 \mathrm{~g}, 6.9 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) with $\mathrm{KOBu}^{1}\left(1 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right.$ in $\left.\mathrm{Bu}{ }^{t} \mathrm{OH} ; 9 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}, 9 \mathrm{mmol}\right)$ in dry THF $\left(9 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ for 12 h as described for compound 6 and purification of the product over a silica gel $(50 \mathrm{~g})$ column with ethyl acetate-hexane $(1: 20)$ as eluent furnished a $1: 1$ mixture of the bicyclooctenones 16e and $17 \mathrm{e}(1.43 \mathrm{~g}, 76 \%)$ as an oil, $\nu_{\max } / \mathrm{cm}^{-1} 1715(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1450,1415$, 1375 and 1062. For isomer $16 e: \mathrm{mp} 78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (from hexanes); $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{27}$ $224\left(c 0.94, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(200 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 7.16(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m})$ and $6.85(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s})(\mathrm{ArH}), 6.27(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6.9$, olefinic), $3.25(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.03(1 \mathrm{H}$, t of d, $J 6.8$ and $2.5,4-\mathrm{H}), 2.69\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}\right.$ of $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{AB}$ $\mathrm{q}, J 18.2$ and 2$)$ and $2.09\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}\right.$ of $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{AB} \mathrm{q}, J 18.2$ and 3.2$)$ (together $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 1.8-2.3\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 1.91\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{AB}\right.$ q, $J 13.8,7-\mathrm{H}$ endo to $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), $1.7(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}, 7-\mathrm{H}$ exo to $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1.42$ $\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.84\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ 212.8 (s, C=O), 145.0 (s), 138.1 (s), 135.5 (s), 132.2 (d), 129.6 (d), 128.9 (d), 127.3 (d), 125.1 (d), 78.3 (s, C-8), 53.2 (s, C-1), 49.5 (q, $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $46.9(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-3), 41.1(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4), 34.6(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-7), 24.9\left(\mathrm{q}, 8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $15.6\left(\mathrm{q}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. For isomer 17e: $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{D}}^{27} 313\left(c \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; $\delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(270 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 6.8-7.2(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{ArH}), 6.26(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, J 6.4$, olefinic), $3.23\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.09(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 4-\mathrm{H}), 2.28(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=0\right), 1.8-2.15\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right.$ and $7-\mathrm{H}$ exo to $\left.\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right)$, $1.62\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{AB} \mathrm{q}, J 14.1,7-\mathrm{H}\right.$ endo to $\left.\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 1.43(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\left.8-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $0.86\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \delta_{\mathrm{C}}\left(22.5 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ 212.0 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 142.5 (s), 138.4 (s), 136.0 (s), 132.3, 129.7 (2 C, d), 127.5 (d), 125.2 (d), 78.9 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8$ ), 52.8 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1$ ), 49.3 ( q , $\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $47.1\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 41.0(\mathrm{C}-4), 36.2(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-7), 22.2(\mathrm{q}, 8-$ $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 20.2\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right) 15.7\left(\mathrm{q}, 1-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; m / z 270\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 10 \%\right), 199$ (40), 198 (97), 197 (45), 196 (65), 183 (80), 181 (40), 155 (35) and 73 (100) (Found: $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 270.1598 . \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ requires M , 270.1620).
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